

Baby Objects



In Java, you can make your own variable types.

These are called **objects**.

Instead of simply storing one variable, it can group a number of variables together into one unit.



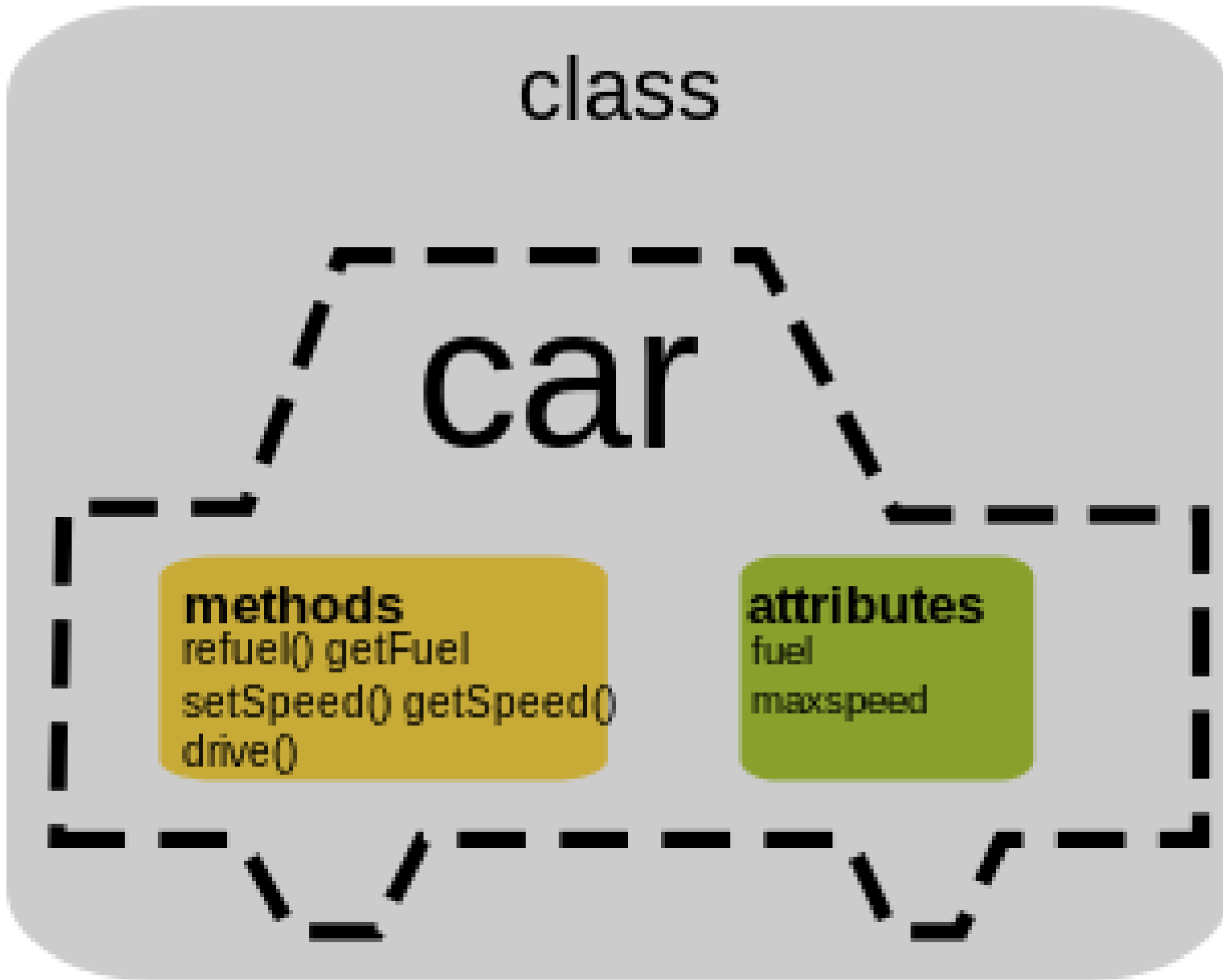
OBJECT



Objects:

- A bottle – size, name, recipe, price
- A basket – Holds other objects
- A baked good – name, size, price

Complex details grouped together.

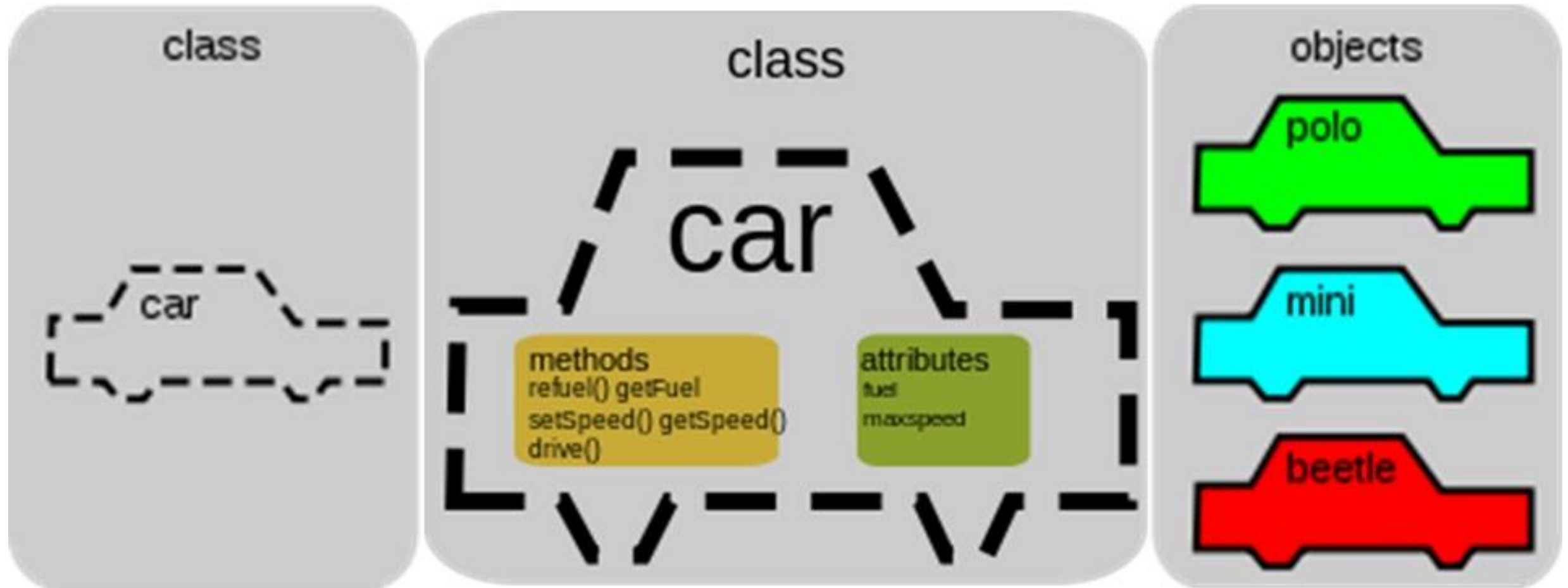


Objects

Have two pieces:

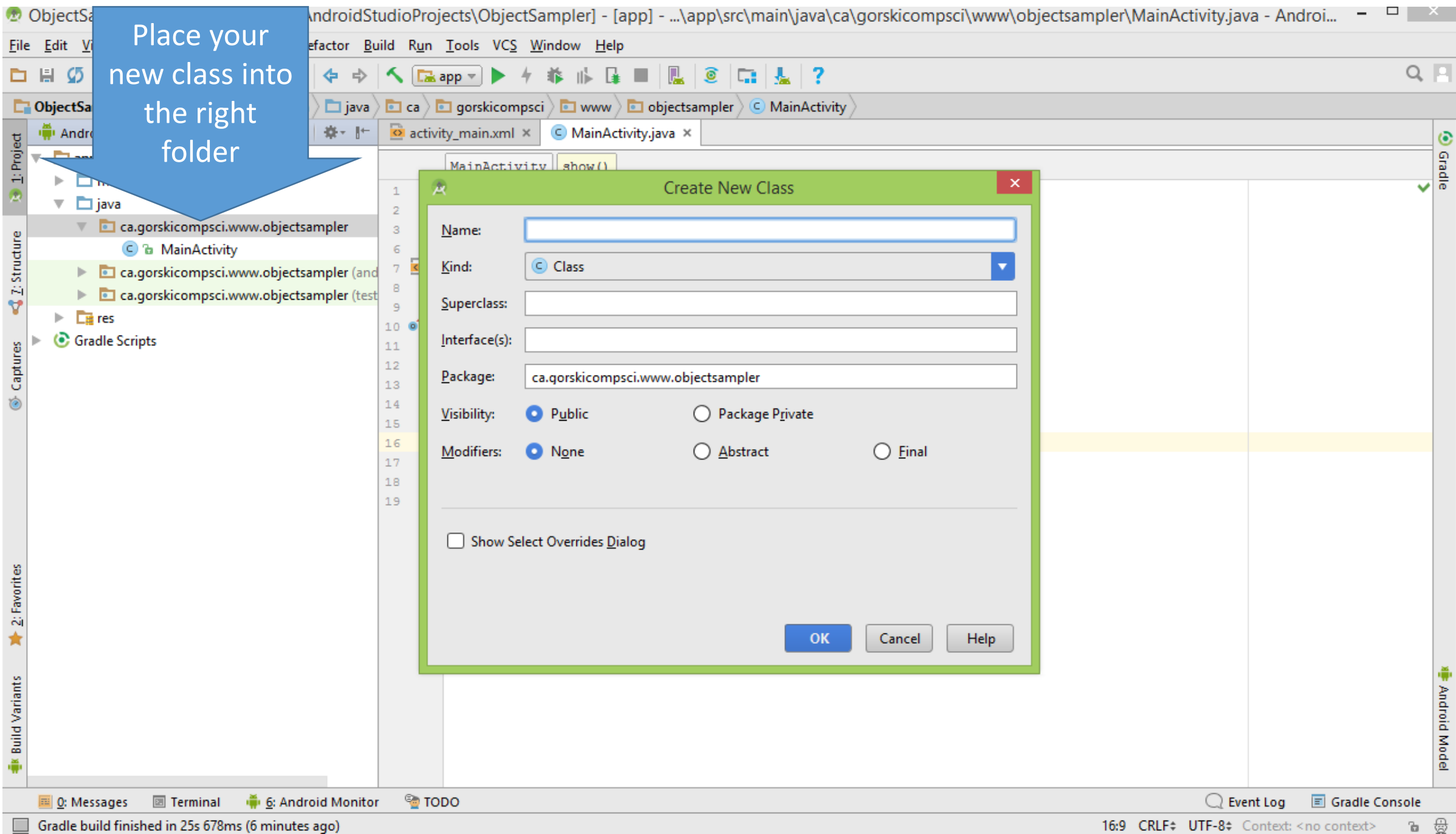
1. **Data** – variables
2. **Methods** that use those variables.

These pieces are grouped into a class.



A class is like a template for a brand new variable type.
You can make many variables using a class as the variable type.

Place your
new class into
the right
folder



```
package com.example.p0064140.item;

public class Item {
    double price;
    String name;

    public Item() {
        price = 13.45;
        name = "t-shirt";
    }

    public Item(double p, String n) {
        price = p;
        name = n;
    }

    public void setPrice(double p) {
        price = p;
    }

    public void setName (String n) {
        name = n;
    }

    public double getPrice() {
        return price;
    }

    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return "The "+name+" costs $" + price;
    }

    public boolean equals(Item i) {
        if (i.getName().equals(name) && i.getPrice() == price)
            return true;
        else
```

```
public class Item {  
    double price;  
    String name;
```

```
public Item() {  
    price = 13.45;  
    name = "t-shirt";  
}  
public Item(double p, String n) {  
    price = p;  
    name = n;  
}
```

```
public double getPrice() {  
    return price;  
}  
public String getName() {  
    return name;  
}  
public String toString() {  
    return "The " + name + " costs $" + price;  
}
```

```
public void setPrice(double p) {  
    price = p;  
}  
public void setName (String n) {  
    name = n;  
}
```

```
public boolean equals(Item i) {  
    if (i.getName().equals(name)  
        && i.getPrice() == price)  
        return true;  
    else  
        return false;  
}  
public int compareTo(Item i) {  
    //on the basis of price  
    if (i.getPrice() > price)  
        return -1;  
    else if (i.getPrice() == price)  
        return 0;  
    else  
        return 1;  
}}
```


Instance Variables:

- The variables that you want to store for your object.
- Your object will group these variables together into a new complex type

```
public class Item {  
    private double price;  
    private String name;  
}
```

Begin the class

Declare the
instance
variables

Constructors

- Initialize and set up memory.
- You need a default AND one with parameters for each instance variable.

```
public Item() {  
    price = 13.45;  
    name = "t-shirt";  
}
```

Default.
Put a value in
each instance
variable.

```
public Item(double p, String n) {  
    price = p;  
    name = n;  
}
```

Take each parameter,
assign to instance
variable.

Parameter for
each instance
variable.

```
public Item() {  
    price = 13.45;  
    name = "t-shirt";  
}
```

Constructors are special.

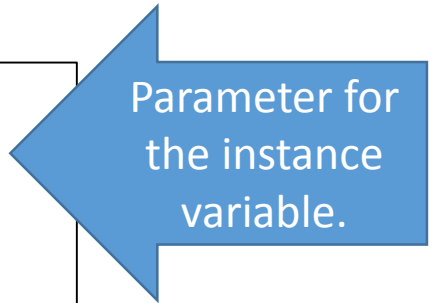
- They have no return type because the type they return is themselves (in this case, an Item).
- They must have the same name as the class.
- When they are called, they are called with the word `new` and the class name.

```
Item shoe = new Item(23.45, "flip-flops");  
Item shirt = new Item();
```

Mutators

- Change memory
- You need one for each instance variable.

```
public void setPrice (double p) {  
    price = p;  
}  
  
public void setName (String n) {  
    name = n;  
}
```



Parameter for
the instance
variable.



Take parameter,
assign to the right
instance variable.

Accessors

- Access what is stored in memory.
- You need one for each instance variable.

```
public double getPrice() {  
    return price;  
}
```

Return type matches the instance variable type.

```
public String getName() {  
    return name;  
}
```

Return correct instance variable

```
public String toString() {  
    return "The " + name + " costs $" + price;  
}
```

Make a sentence out of the variables.

Facilitator: Equals

- Sees if two of your new type are equal

Pass in an object
that is the same
type as your class

```
public boolean equals(Item i) {  
    if (i.getName().equals(name)  
        && i.getPrice() == price)  
        return true;  
    else  
        return false;  
}
```

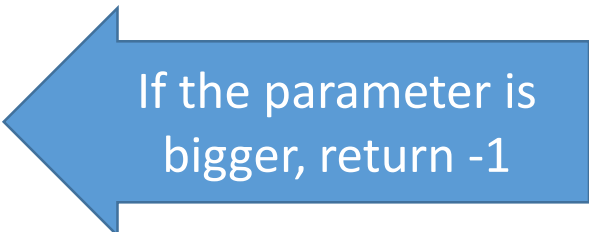
For each instance variable,
see if it matches the
parameters' value

Return true if all instance
variables match, false
otherwise.

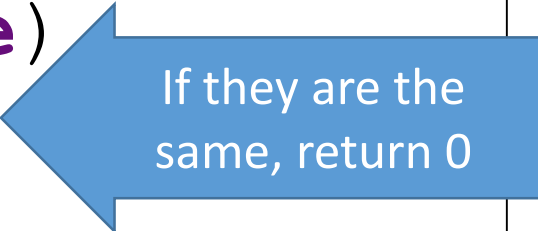
Facilitator: CompareTo

- Sees how two of your new type compare, for sorting

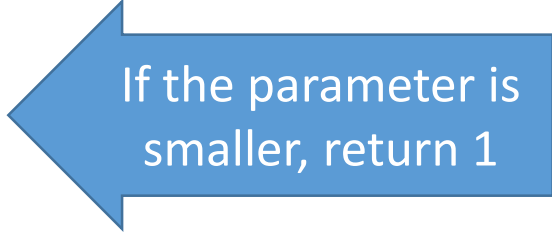
```
public int compareTo (Item i) {  
    //on the basis of price  
    if (i.getPrice () > price)  
        return -1;  
    else if (i.getPrice () == price)  
        return 0;  
    else  
        return 1;  
}
```



If the parameter is
bigger, return -1



If they are the
same, return 0



If the parameter is
smaller, return 1

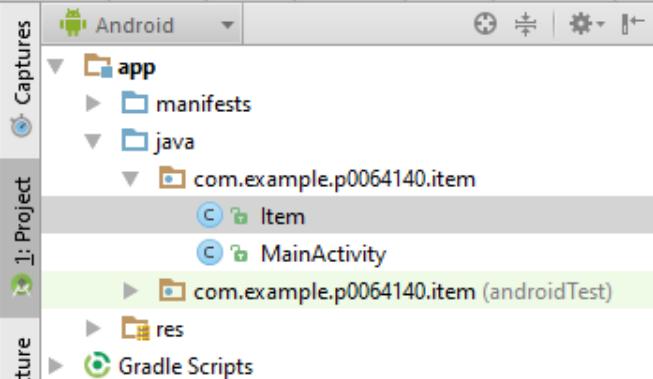
```
public class Item {  
    double price;  
    String name;
```

```
public Item() {  
    price = 13.45;  
    name = "t-shirt";  
}  
public Item(double p, String n) {  
    price = p;  
    name = n;  
}
```

```
public double getPrice() {  
    return price;  
}  
public String getName() {  
    return name;  
}  
public String toString() {  
    return "The " + name + " costs $" + price;  
}
```

```
public void setPrice(double p) {  
    price = p;  
}  
public void setName (String n) {  
    name = n;  
}
```

```
public boolean equals(Item i) {  
    if (i.getName().equals(name)  
        && i.getPrice() == price)  
        return true;  
    else  
        return false;  
}  
public int compareTo(Item i) {  
    //on the basis of price  
    if (i.getPrice() > price)  
        return -1;  
    else if (i.getPrice() == price)  
        return 0;  
    else  
        return 1;  
}}
```

```
activity_main.xml x MainActivity.java x Item.java x
<?xml xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:layout_gravity="center_horizontal"
    android:orientation="vertical">

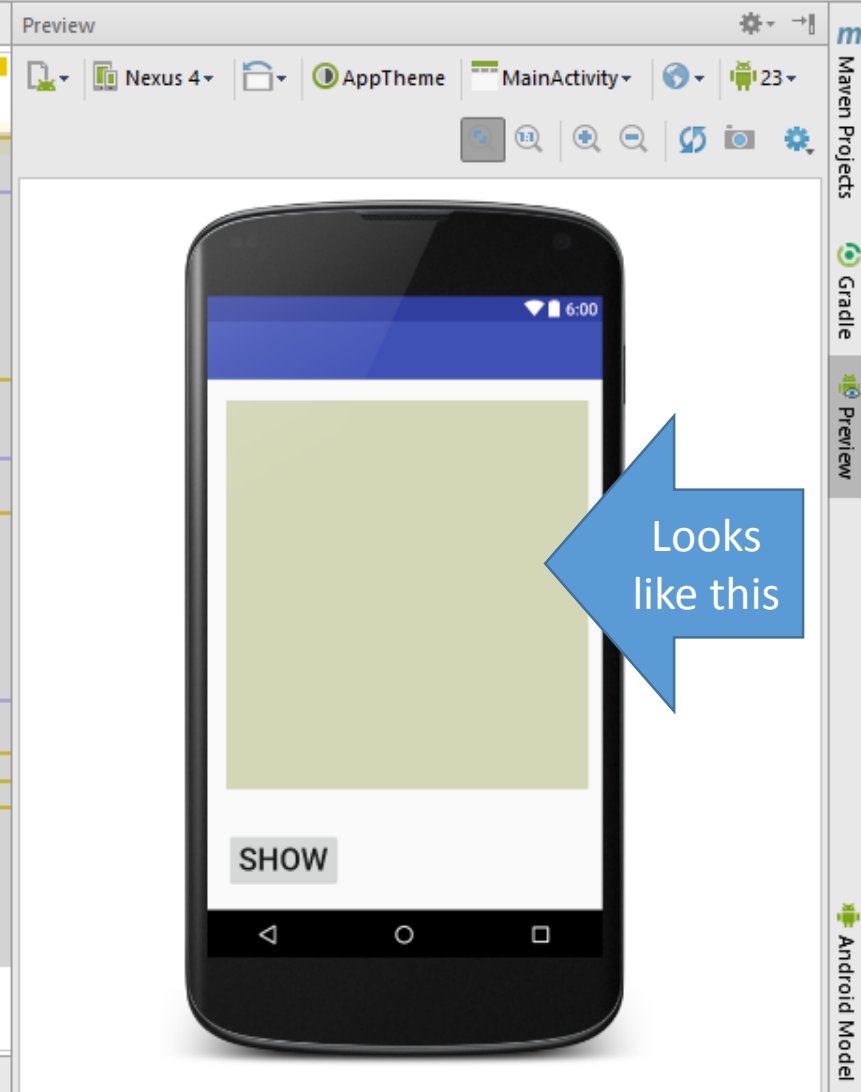
    <TextView
        android:id="@+id/TextArea"
        android:padding="10dp"
        android:textSize="30dp"
        android:layout_margin="20dp"
        android:layout_width="350dp"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:background="#d3d7b6"
        android:inputType="textMultiLine"
        android:maxLines="10"
        android:minLines="10"
        android:scrollbars="vertical" />

    <Button
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_margin="20dp"
        android:onClick="show"
        android:textSize="30dp"
        android:text="show" />

</LinearLayout>
```

Multiline
TextView

Looks
like this



```

public class Item {
    double price;
    String name;

    public Item() {
        price = 13.45;
        name = "t-shirt";
    }
    public Item(double p, String n) {
        price = p;
        name = n;
    }
    public void setPrice(double p) {
        price = p;
    }
    public void setName (String n) {
        name = n;
    }
    public double getPrice() {
        return price;
    }
    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }
    public String toString() {
        return "The " + name + " costs $" + price;
    }
    public boolean equals(Item i) {
        if (i.getName().equals(name)
            && i.getPrice() == price)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
    public int compareTo(Item i) {
        //on the basis of price
        if (i.getPrice() > price)
            return -1;
        else if (i.getPrice() == price)
            return 0;
        else
            return 1;
    }
}

```

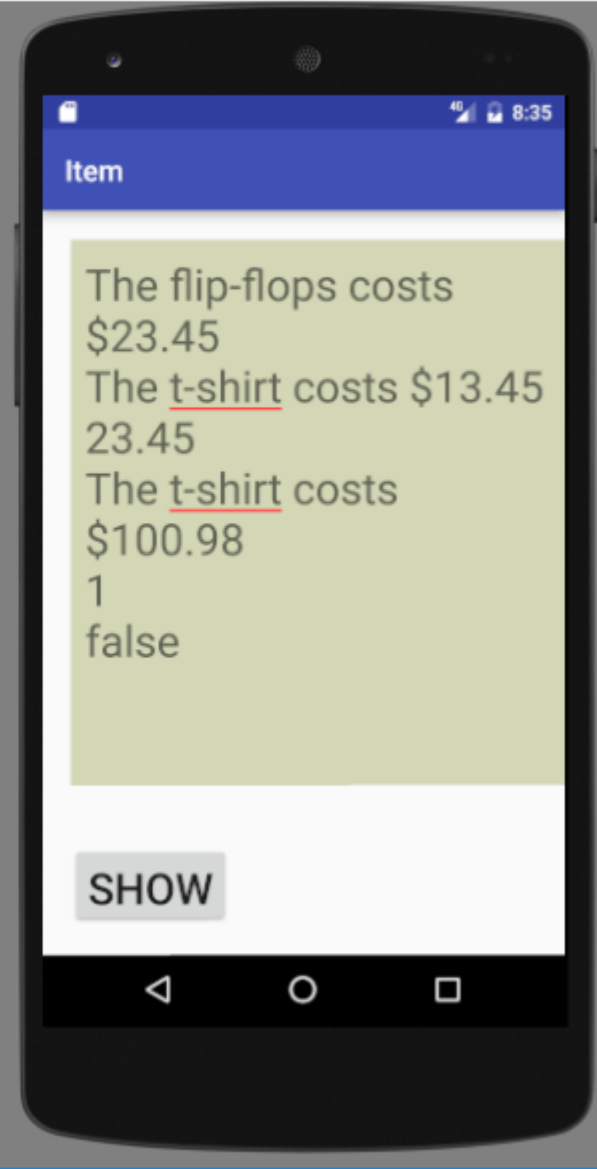
ra\com\example\p0064140\item\MainActivity.java - Android Studio 1.4.1

```

Run Tools VCS Window Help
example p0064140 item MainActivity
activity_main.xml MainActivity.java Item.java
package com.example.p0064140.item;
import ...
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    }
    public void show(View view) {
        TextView textArea = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.TextArea);
        Item shoe = new Item(23.45, "flip-flops");
        Item shirt = new Item();
        textArea.append(" "+shoe.toString());
        textArea.append("\n"+shirt.toString());
        textArea.append("\n"+shoe.getPrice());
        shirt.setPrice (100.98);
        textArea.append("\n"+shirt.toString());
        textArea.append("\n" + shirt.compareTo(shoe));
        textArea.append("\n" + shoe.equals(shirt));
    }
}
com.example.p0064140.item (2096)
Network → Log level: Verbose
Session 'app': running
4: Run TODO

```

Android Emulator - Nexus_5_API_23:5554



```

public void show(View view) {
    TextView textArea = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.TextArea);
    Item shoe = new Item(23.45, "flip-flops");
    Item shirt = new Item();
    textArea.append(""+shoe.toString ());
    textArea.append("\n"+shirt.toString ());
    textArea.append("\n"+shoe.getPrice ());
    shirt.setPrice (100.98);
    textArea.append("\n"+shirt.toString ());
    textArea.append("\n" + shirt.compareTo(shoe));
    textArea.append("\n" + shoe.equals(shirt));
}

```

```

public class Item {
    double price;
    String name;
}

```

```

public Item() {
    price = 13.45;
    name = "t-shirt";
}
public Item(double p, String n){
    price = p;
    name = n;
}

```

```

public double getPrice(){
    return price;
}
public String getName(){
    return name;
}
public String toString(){
    return "The "+name+" costs $" + price;
}

```

```

public void setPrice(double p){
    price = p;
}
public void setName (String n){
    name = n;
}

```

```

public boolean equals(Item i){
    if(i.getName().equals(name)
        && i.getPrice()==price)
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}
public int compareTo(Item i){
    //on the basis of price
    if(i.getPrice()>price)
        return -1;
    else if (i.getPrice()==price)
        return 0;
    else
        return 1;
}
}

```

